

# All systems go

## Africa

System building in fragile contexts across the WASH, Humanitarian Development, and Peace triple nexus

ETHIOPIA

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All systems go Africa

19-21 October 2022



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# Ethiopia context - Extremely fragile with multiple displacements

IDP: 2.8M | PIN: 18.7

Requirement \$133M

## Shocks and stressors

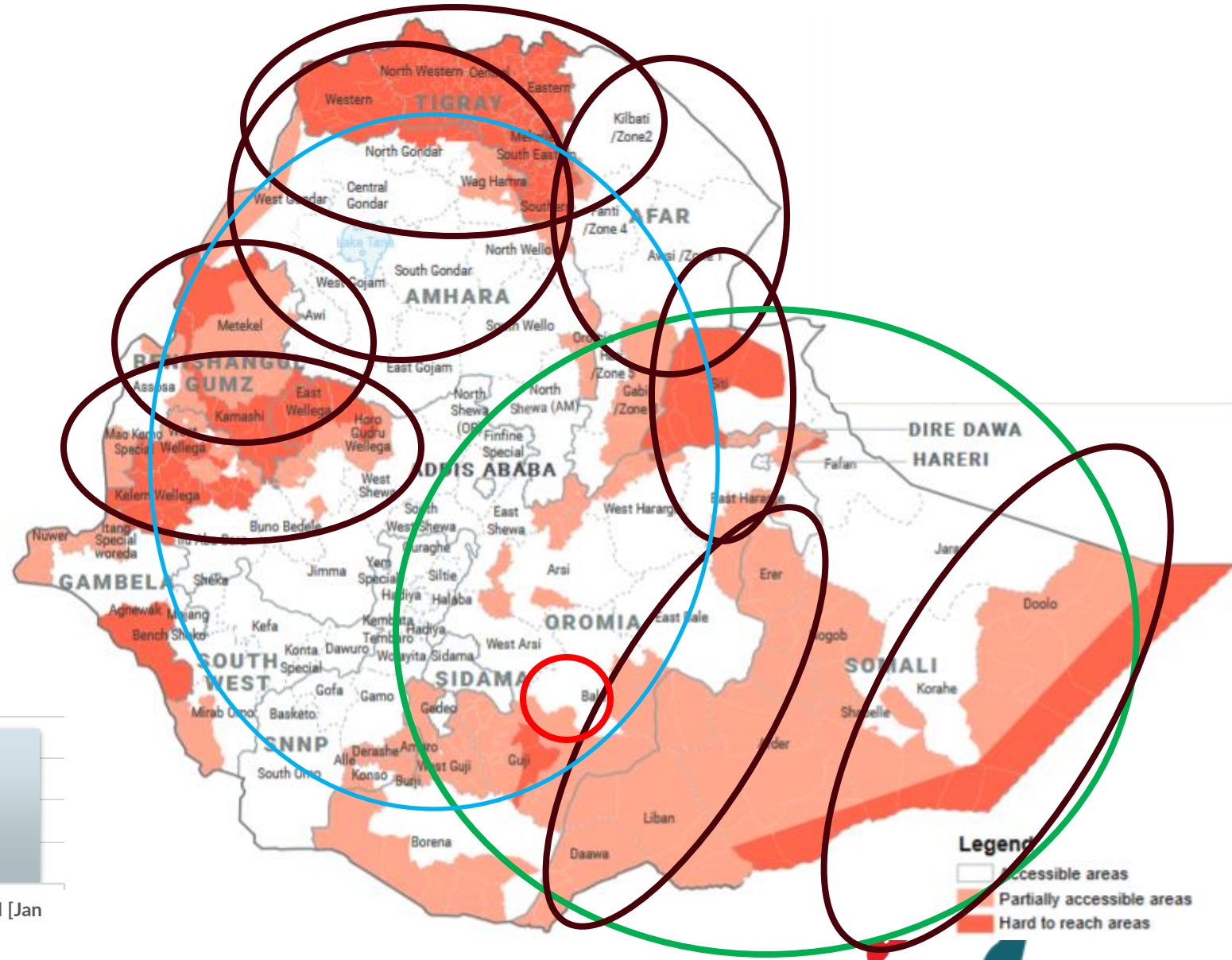
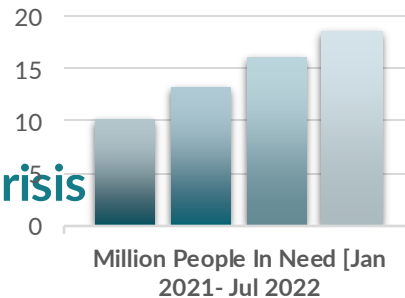
Security related

Climate induced (drought/floods)

Health related (cholera)

## Characteristics

- Protracted/recurring crisis
- Worsening scale (now 5<sup>th</sup> response globally)



Source: OCHA, August 2022

# Ethiopia context - Extremely fragile with multiple displacements

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## Shocks and stressors

Security related

Climate induced (drought/floods)

Health related (cholera)

Refugees: 875,000

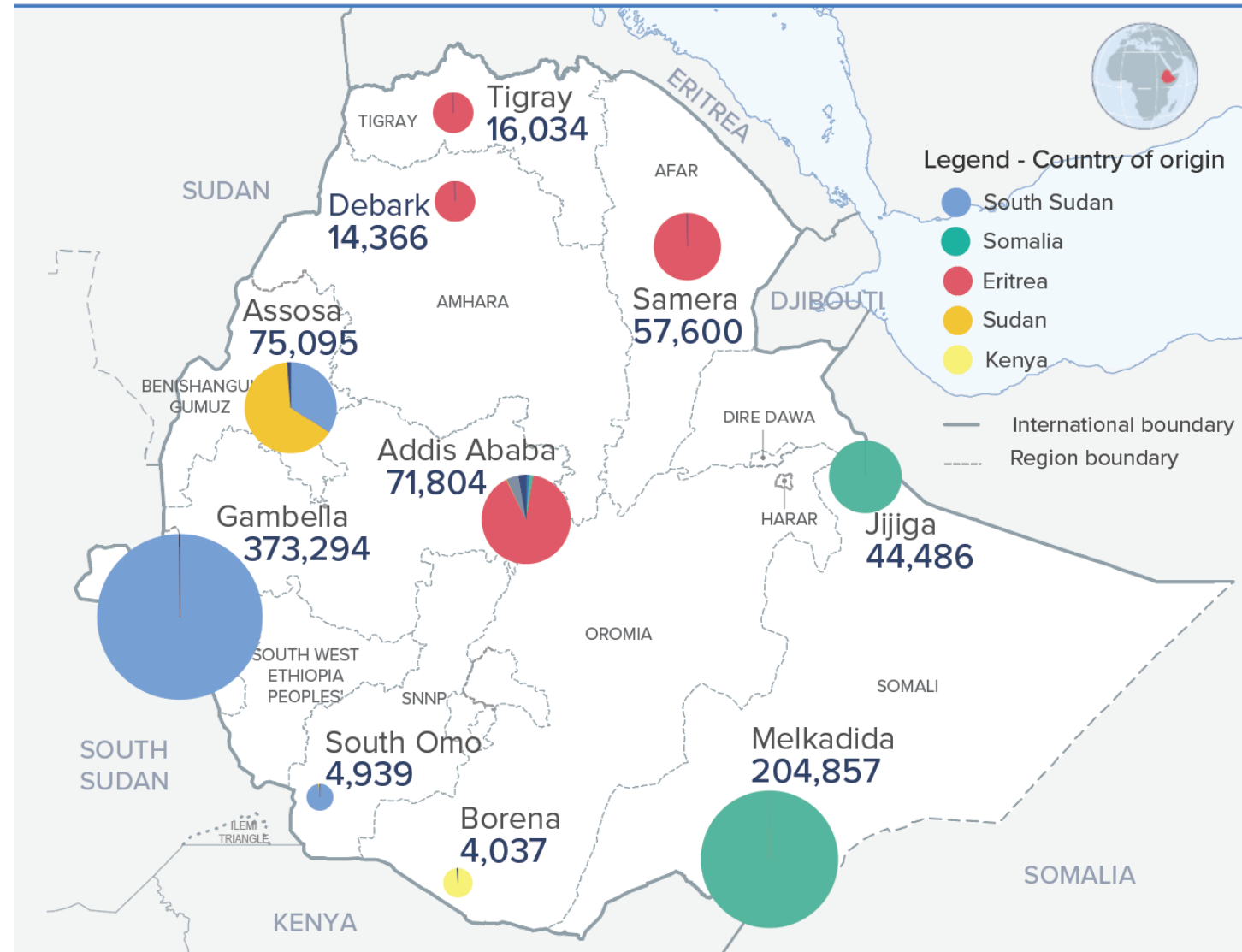
## Characteristics

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ETHIOPIA

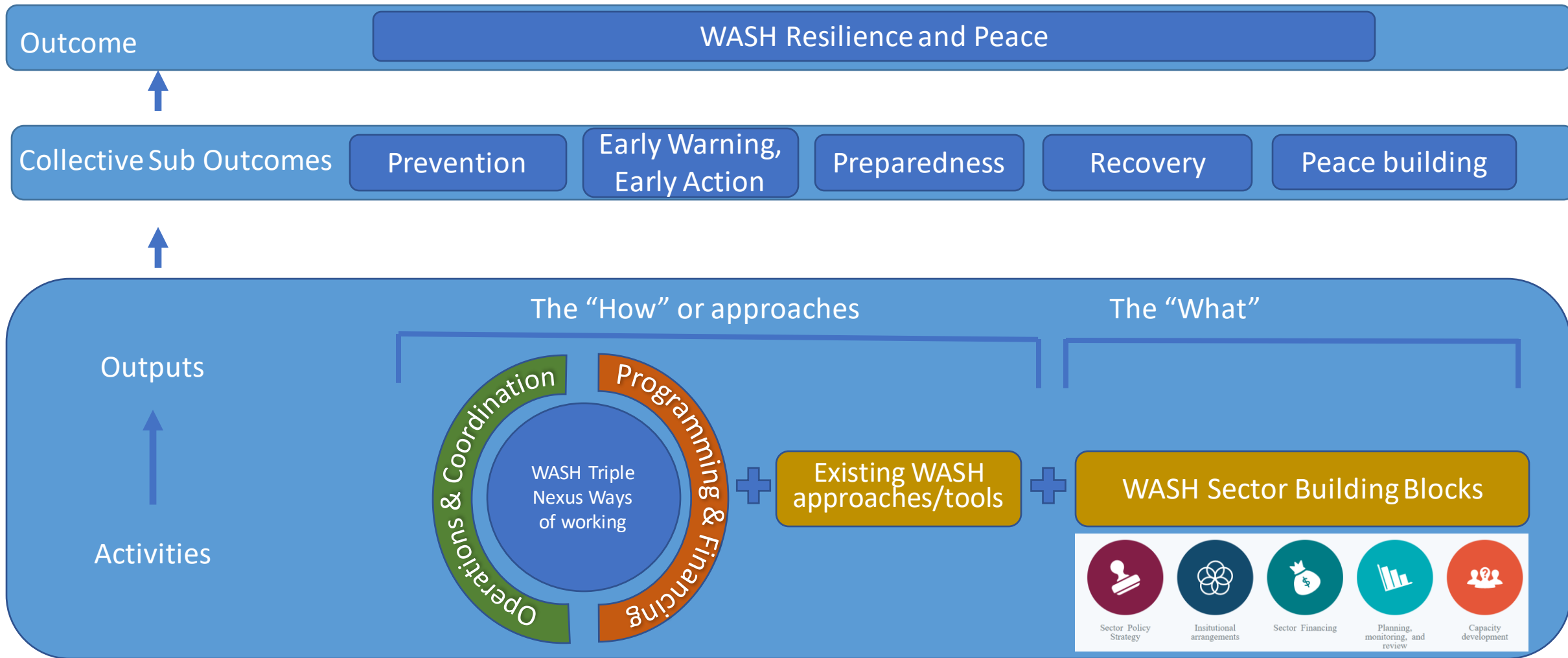
## Refugees and Asylum-seekers

August 2022



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

# WASH emergency resilience and peace triple NEXUS framework



# Emergency response through WASH cluster

70 partners across the country

8 regional coordination hubs close to response

Collaboration with government counterparts



## WASH Cluster Operational Presence Map

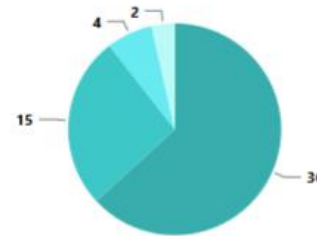
August 2022



Information represents WASH Cluster partners who have reported On-going & Completed activities using 4W with an Activity End Date in January to August 2022. The map represents WASH cluster partners 4W report data.

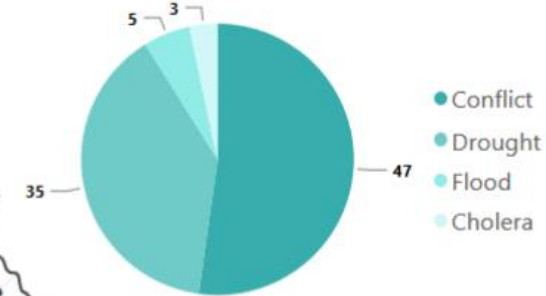
#Organization: 70

#Donor: 62



**Organization Type**  
 ● Int. NGO  
 ● Nat. NGO  
 ● Government  
 ● UN

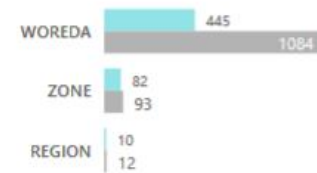
## # Organization by Emergency Type



● Conflict  
 ● Drought  
 ● Flood  
 ● Cholera

## Response Locations

● COVERED ● TOTAL

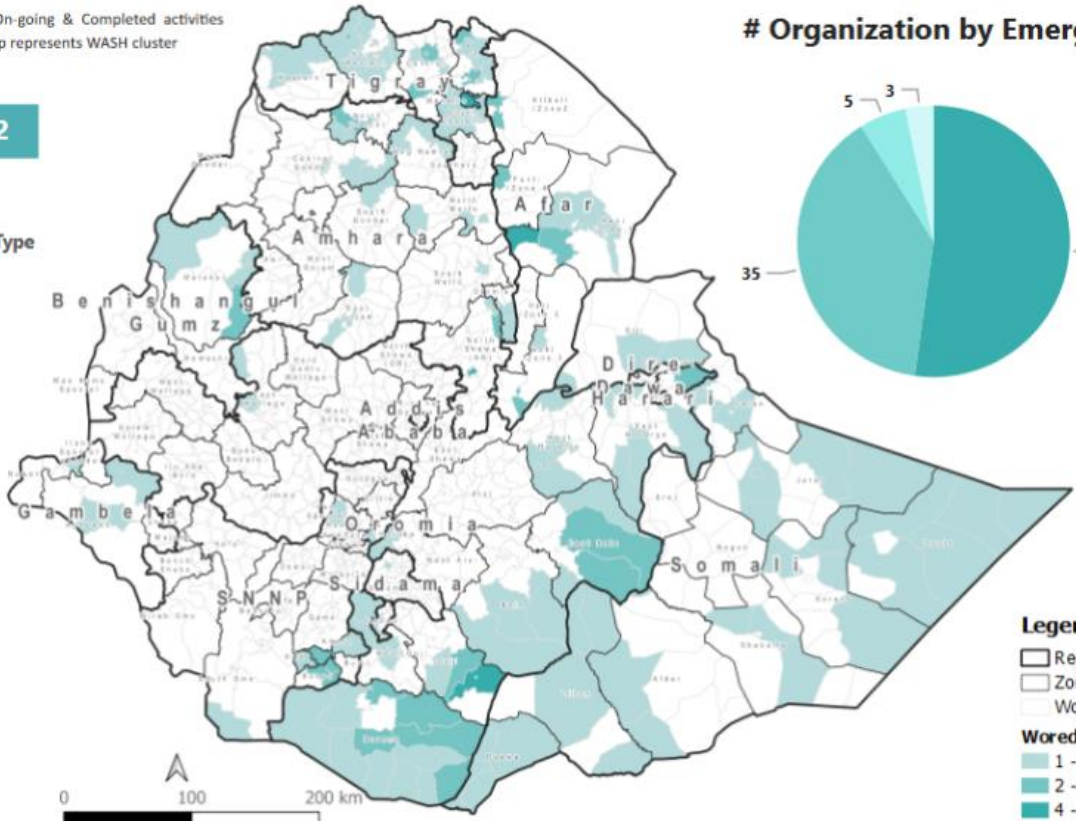


### Contact Details

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[ETHIOPIAN WASH CLUSTER](#)



### Legend

□ Region Boundary outline  
 □ Zone Boundary  
 □ Woreda Boundary

**Woreda Partner Presence**  
 ■ 1 - 2  
 ■ 2 - 4  
 ■ 4 - 8

Date of Creation : 20/09/2022

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

**# of people having access to safe drinking water through emergency water trucking.**



**# of people having access to safe drinking water through durable solutions**



**# of people reached through essential sanitation and hygiene messages.**



**NFI # of people provided with lifesaving WASH NFI.**



**# of people accessing sanitation facility (latrines & bathing/hand washing facilities)**



# Ethiopia Rapid Response Mechanisms (RRM)

## Principles:

- Early warning system
- Prepositioning of supplies/partners with dedicated funds
- Standardised approach/assessment/reporting:  
**alert > rapid assessment > intervention [first line, then second line] > monitoring**
- Timebound first-line response
- Coordination with WASH cluster

## Financial & operational pipeline facility

Ethiopia has several RRM (UNICEF/BHA, ECHO/IRC, OCHA/SWAN)

**Strengths:** fast; agile; can quickly fill gaps in emergency response

**Opportunities:** allows also for system rehabilitation

**Challenges:** in protracted situation -> limited provision for sustainable exit or post construction support; small rehabilitation only; needs larger than RRM capacity



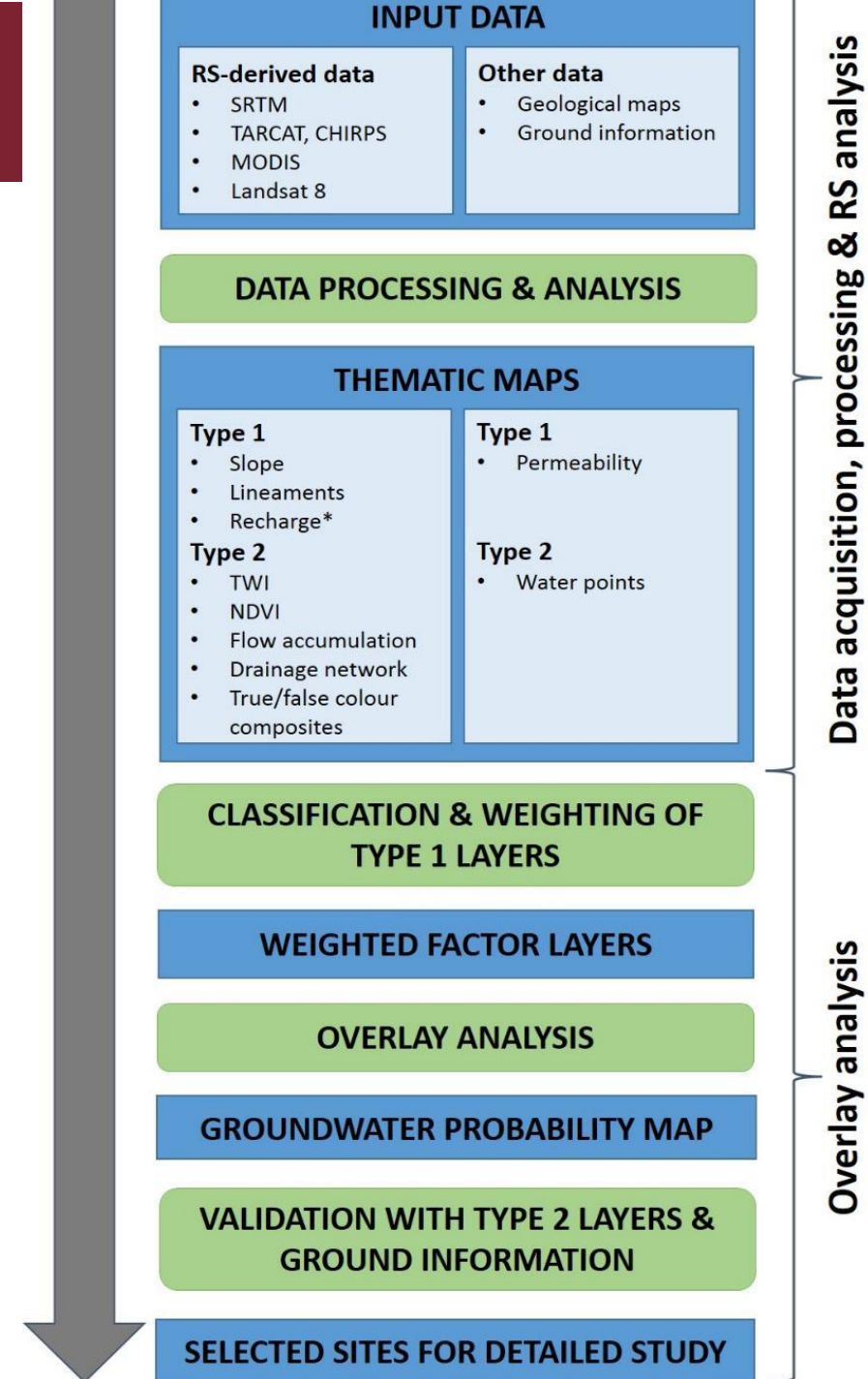
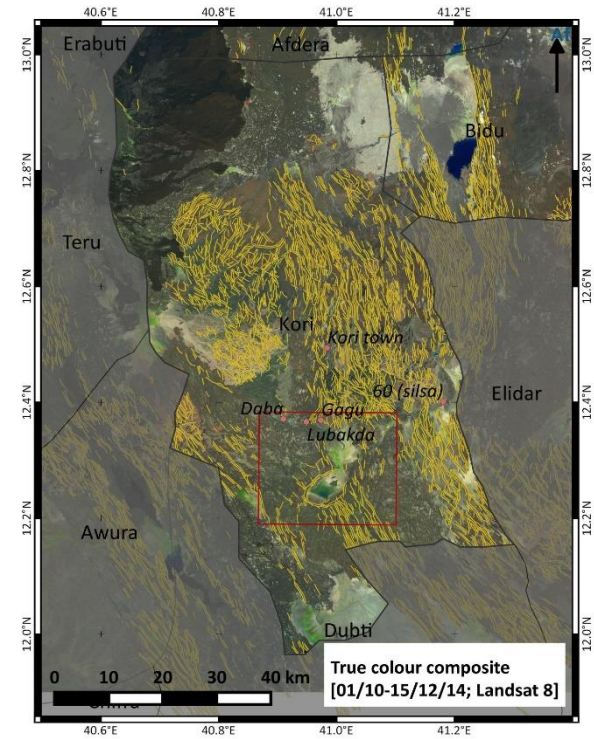
# Early action/preparedness – Groundwater Suitability Mapping

## Innovation and Climate Resilience

Strategic partnership between UNICEF, Ministry of Water and Joint Research Center (EU) – 2018-2020

Increasing deep well success rates from 40-50% to >90% in the Lowlands

More than 100 woredas mapped through UNICEF/EU and UKAid, currently expanding with UNICEF and WB funding



<https://gw4e.acaciadata.com/>



# Early action/preparedness – Groundwater Suitability Mapping

## Groundwater Suitability Map

Layer	Parameter	Factor weight	Class and class weight			
			1	2	3	4
1	Geomorphology	0.5	Flat low lying grabens 50	Gentle to flat horst 30	Gentle to steep horst 15	Steep and mountainous 5
2	Drainage/drainage density	0.25	High 70	Moderate 30		
3	Hydrogeology/permeability	0.23	High 60	Low to moderate 35	Aquiclude 5	
4	Structure/structural density	0.22	Major (regional) 55	Moderate 25	Local 15	Poor 5
	Total	1	58.4	30.05	8.95	2.6
	Classification		High	Moderate	Low to moderate	Low

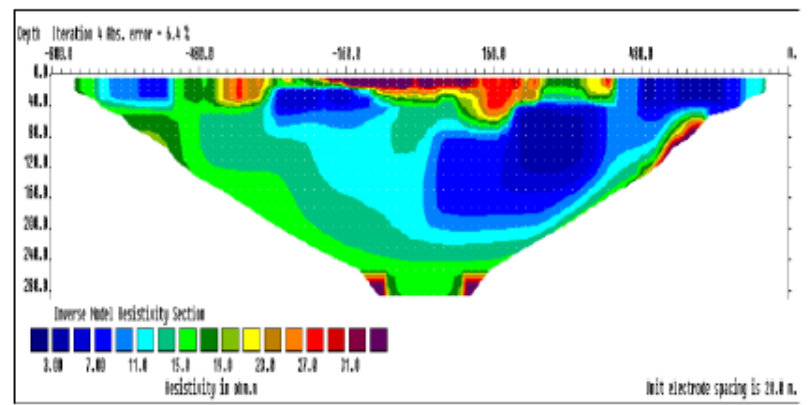
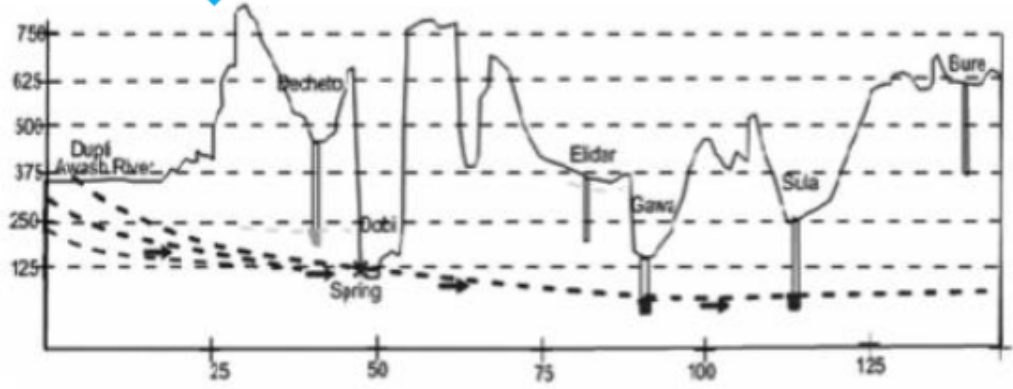
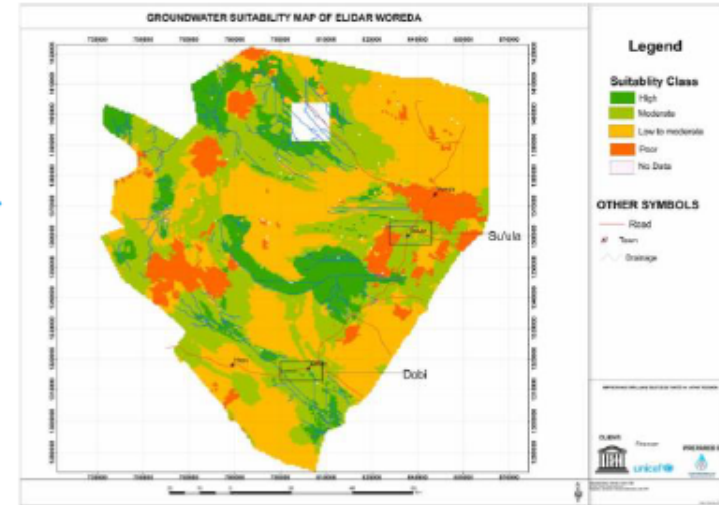


Figure 5.5. 2D Resistivity Imaging section, Musley.



# Climate Resilience – Shift to durable systems

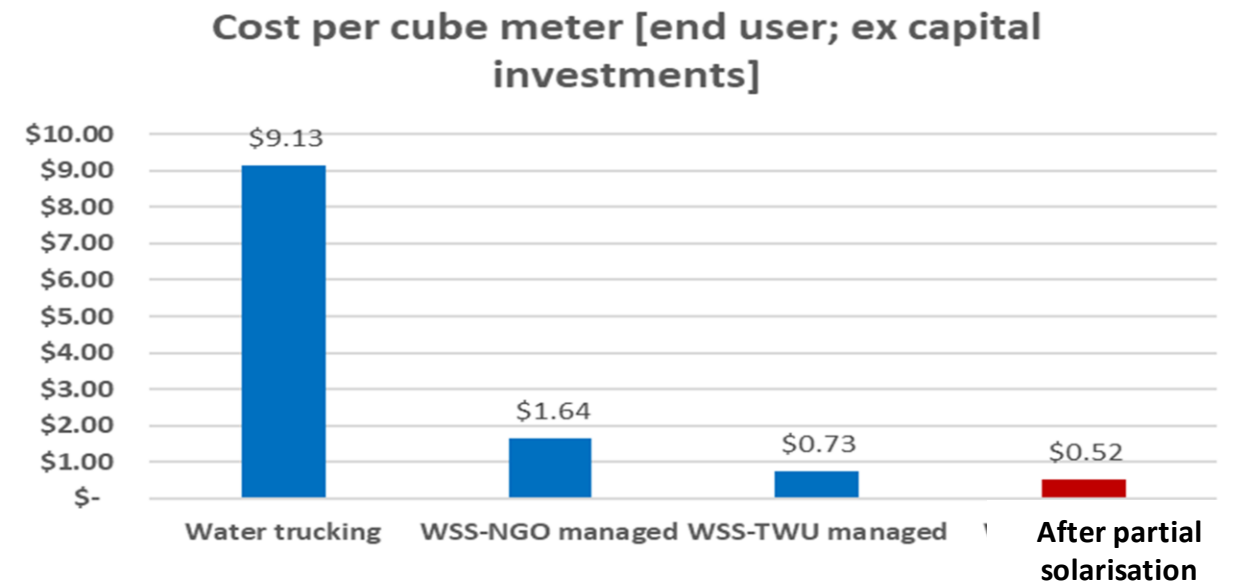
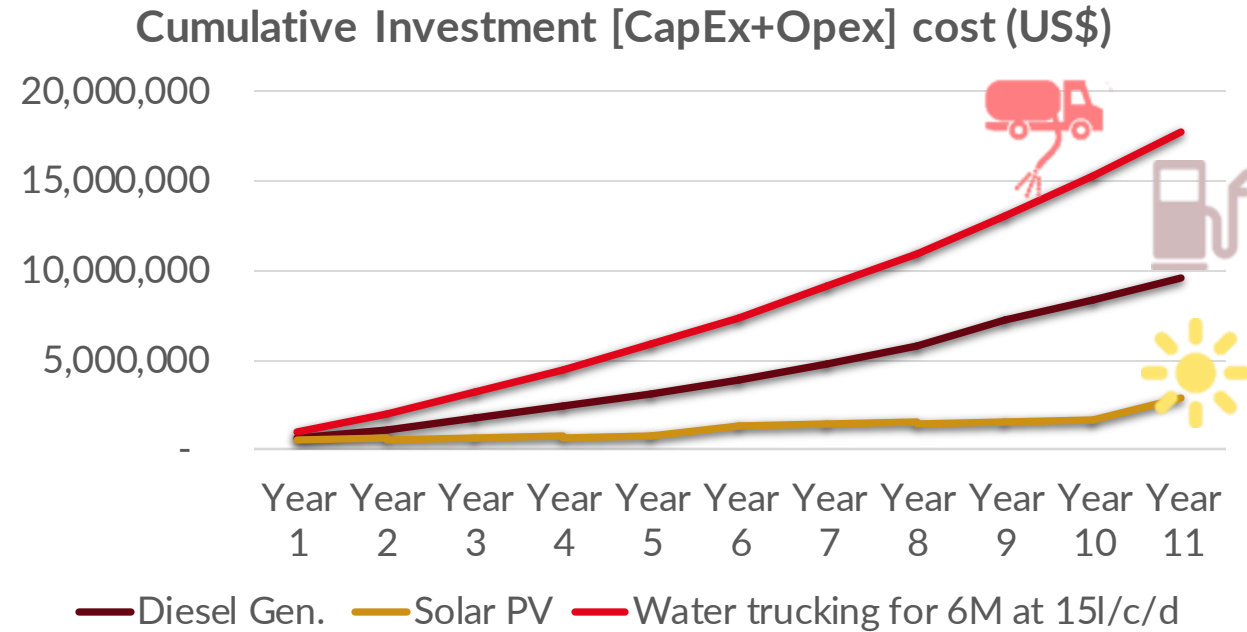
## Business case for 10 yr life cycle of scheme in drought prone area; serving 20,000 people (Sept 2020):

- Water trucking operations (15l/c/d for 6 months/yr)
- Nearly 3 X cost of diesel-powered water systems (50l/c/day for 12 months/yr)
- Nearly 10 X cost of solar- powered systems (50l/c/day for 12 months/yr)



## Cost analysis for durable system system in Refugee host systems: Shift from water trucking to Town Water Utility Managed water service delivery hosting 220,000 refugees and host community of 30,000 people – cost per m3

- Utility cost with cost recovery model = sustain operation and maintenance
- Note: analysis prior to recent fuel cost increases



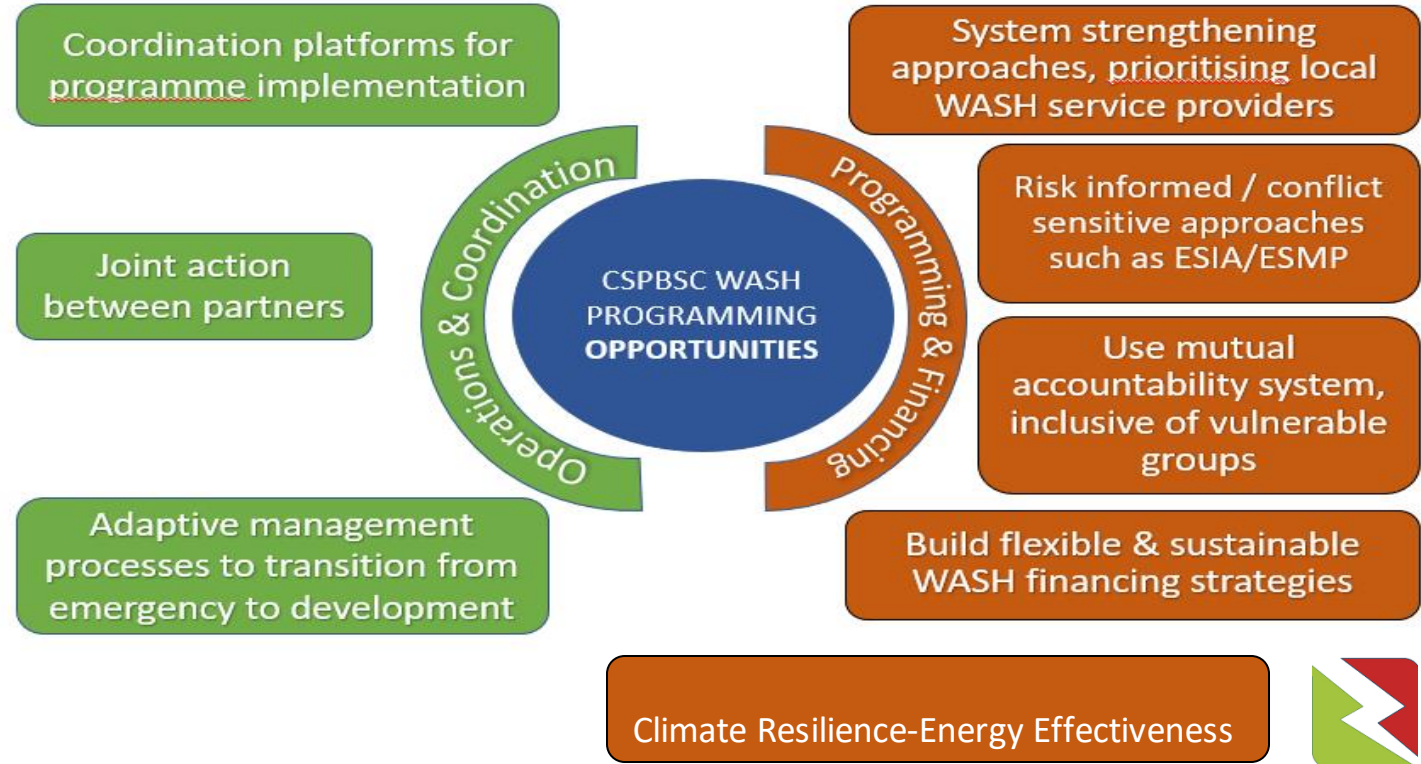
# WASH for Peace – Conflict Sensitive Programming in fragile contexts

<https://www.unicef.org/ethiopia/documents/conflict-sensitivity-peace-building-and-social-cohesion-guideline-wash-programming>

**Integrating conflict sensitive and peacebuilding approaches & Leveraging programmatic entry points in conducive sectors - WASH**



## Entry points and opportunities



# WASH for Peace - some examples & experiences from Itang

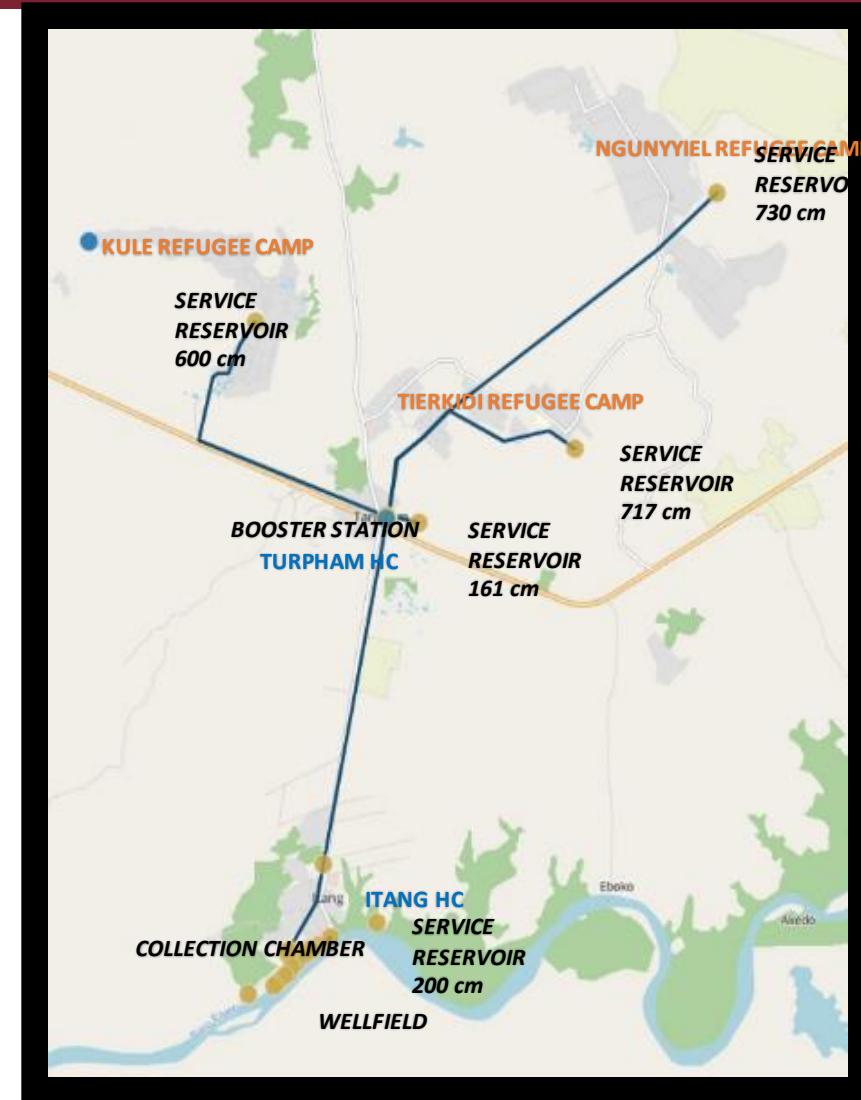
**Risk situation:** In Jan 2020, low water production in system delivering water to 220,000 refugees and 30,000 hosts

Due to:

- 1) Collapse of several wells and powerhouses
  - 2) Limited access to spare parts and
  - 3) Ethnic diversity between hosts and refugees
- >> **Conflict and vandalism of WSS by host community**

**How did we resolve the situation: use entry points**

- Intensify coordination
- Multi-stakeholder Contingency plan / Business continuity plan with (i) clear responsibility allocation; (ii) budgeted *short term, medium- and long-term interventions*; (iii) fast tracking upgrade of EM equipment
- Water Utility strengthening with strong O&M and Business plan for full cost recovery



# Conclusion and way forward

Need to cover **whole spectrum from prevention to peace building**

Financial and operational mechanisms to respond specifically to **emergency response** remain critical

**Resilient systems** can support fragile situations, but require more time and resources; this is even more challenging in a fragile context

**Need to bridge and develop mechanisms / funding facilities that bridge nexus between emergency and development**

# THANK YOU

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# All systems go Africa

19 - 21 October 2022 | Accra, Ghana

Find out more

[www.ircwash.org/all-systems-go-africa](http://www.ircwash.org/all-systems-go-africa)

